The Chinese University of Hong Kong Department of Philosophy UGED1111E Logic Course Outline

Mode of teaching: OnlineLecturer: Dr. Arthur C. S. CHINEmail: arthurchin2@yahoo.com.hkLecture time: Mon and Wed 10:30-12:15Instruction language: Cantonese / EnglishLecture Zoom Link: https://cuhk.zoom.us/j/96769782543

Course Overview

This course aims to develop students' ability to identify, analyze and evaluate arguments in a clear and logical manner. It will introduce to students important concepts in logic such as validity, logical implication, and fallacy. Principles of deductive and inductive reasoning will be explained, and a range of examples will be employed to illustrate how such principles may be applied. Through extensive case studies, in-class discussions and problem sets, students will come to acquire not only the requisite theoretical knowledge but also the appropriate disposition to think analytically and critically.

Learning Outcomes

1) Understanding the central concepts and principles in classical logic.

2) Having the ability to identify, interpret, and critically assess arguments in different spheres of life.

3) Having the ability to identify the various forms of argument and assess their validity.

4) Understanding the basic rules of the formal system of propositional logic, and having the ability to translate arguments in ordinary language into corresponding symbolic forms, and to construct proofs within that system.

5) Having the ability to identify and explain common fallacies.

Topics

1) Ordinary Language and Meaning Analysis

2) Argument Identification

3) Deductive Reasoning and Basic Concepts in Logic

4) Propositional Logic: Formal Language, Truth Table Method, Indirect Method and Natural Deduction

- 5) Inductive Reasoning
- 6) Fallacy

Assessment Scheme

Task	Description	Mode	Weight
Participation	In-Class Discussion	Online	10%
Assignment 1	Short questions covering first half of course materials	Take Home	40%

Assignment 2	Short questions focusing on materials	Take Home	50%
	in second half of the course		

Course Schedule and Readings

• Readings marked with "*" are primary readings.

Lecture	Торіс	Remark
1 (5/17)	Introduction	
(5/17)	Key concepts: (i) logic (formal and informal); (ii) argument	
	identification and evaluation	
	Readings	
	Lau (2011): Chapter 1 "Introduction"	
2 (5/24)	Ordinary Language and Meaning Analysis Key concepts: (i) vagueness, ambiguity and incomplete meaning	
	of ordinary language; (ii) linguistic pitfalls: unsubstantial	
	meaning, conceptual confusion and vacuity	
	<u>Readings</u>	
	 *Lau (2011): Chapter 5 "Linguistic Pitfalls" 	
	• 貝剛毅 (2014): 第一篇 意義分析 第一至四章	
3 (5/26)	Argument Identification Key concepts: (i) argument; (ii) techniques in argument	
	identification; (iii) basic techniques in evaluating an argument	
	<u>Readings</u>	
	 *Lau (2011): Chapter 8 "Identifying Arguments" 	
	• Hurley (2015): Section 1.2 in Chapter 1 "Basic Concepts"	
	(pp.14-33)	
4-5 (5/31 & 6/2)	Deductive Reasoning and Basic Concepts in Logic Key concepts: (i) Deduction and induction; (ii) validity and soundness; (iii) logical consistency; (iv) logical equivalence; (v) argument form <u>Readings</u>	
	 *Lau (2011): Chapter 9 "Valid and Sound Argument" 	
	• Hurley (2015): Sections 1.3 and 1.4 in Chapter 1 "Basic	
	Concepts" (pp.33-52)	
6-8	Propositional Logic (PL)	Assignment 1 released

(6/7, 6/9 & 6/16)	Key concepts: (i) syntactic rules of PL; (ii) logical connectives	after	
	(conjunction, disjunction, material conditional, negation, and bi-	Lecture 7	
	conditional) and truth-tables; (iii) translating arguments in		
	natural language into PL; (iv) testing validity of PL arguments by		
	the truth table method and indirect method; (v) natural		
	deduction		
	Readings		
	 *Hurley (2015): Chapter 6 "Propositional Logic"; Chapter 		
	7 "Natural Deduction in Propositional Logic"		
9-10 (6/21 &	Inductive Reasoning Key concepts: (i) inductive argument and defeasibility; (ii)		
6/23)	strength, cogency, and the requirement of total evidence; (iii)		
	common types of inductive argument and their evaluation:		
	inductive generalization, argument from expert opinion, and		
	analogical argument		
	<u>Readings</u>		
	 *Lau (2011): Chapter 10 "Inductive Reasoning" (excluding 		
	10.4); Chapter 17 "Statistics and Probability"; Chapter 21		
	"Analogical Reasoning"		
	● 貝剛毅 (2014): 第四篇 歸納法 (12 至 15 章)		
11-12 (6/28 &	Fallacy Key concepts: (i) fallacy of inconsistency; (ii) fallacy of	Assignment 2 Released after end of	
6/30)	irrelevance; (iii) fallacy of insufficiency; (iv) fallacy of	teaching	
	inappropriate presupposition		
	Readings		
	 *Lau (2011): Chapter 19 "Fallacy" 		
	• Hurley (2015): Sections 3.1-3.4 in Chapter 3 "Informal		
	Fallacies"		

Learning Resources

1. Copi, Irving & Cohen, Carl & McMahon, Kenneth (2014). *Introduction to Logic* (14th ed., International Edition). Upper Saddle River, NJ: Pearson Education.

- 2. Goldfarb, Warren (2003). Deductive Logic. Indianapolis: Hackett Pub. Co.
- 3. <u>Lau, Joe Y. F. (2011). An Introduction to Critical Thinking and Creativity: Think More, Think</u> <u>Better. Hoboken, N.J: Wiley</u>
- 4. Hausman, Alan & Kahane, Howard & Tidman, Paul (2010). *Logic and Philosophy* (11th ed.). Boston, MA: Thomson Wadsworth/Cengage Learning.
- 5. Hurley, Patrick (2015). *A Concise Introduction to Logic* (12th ed.). Australia ; Stamford, Ct.: Cengage Learning.
- 6. Priest, Graham (2000). Logic: A Very Short Introduction. Oxford: Oxford University Press.
- 7. Schick, Theodore & Vaughn, Lewis (2014). *How to Think about Weird Things* (7th ed.). New York: McGraw-Hill Companies, Inc.
- 8. 貝剛毅, 2014, 思方導航(第四版), 匯智出版
 - Full text of Lau (2011) accessible through CU Library.
 - Selected chapters from Hurley (2015) will be uploaded onto Blackboard in due course.

Learning Activities and Workload

- Lecture (2 lectures each week; 1 hour and 45 min each lecture)
- Readings for each topic
- Class Exercises (NOT part of course assessment)

Details of Course Website

We use Blackboard for this course. Lecture notes and other information concerning take home assignments will be announced on the course website in due course.

Feedback for Evaluation

Students are strongly encouraged to provide feedback on the course via email or meetings with lecturer. Students evaluate the course through a survey and written comments at the end of the term as well as via regular feedback between teacher and students. This information is highly valued and is used to revise teaching methods, tasks, and content.

Academic Honesty and Plagiarism

Attention is drawn to University policy and regulations on honesty in academic work, and to the disciplinary guidelines and procedures applicable to breaches of such policy and regulations. Details may be found at http://www.cuhk.edu.hk/policy/academichonesty/.

With each assignment, students are required to submit a signed declaration that they are aware of these policies, regulations, guidelines and procedures. For group projects, all students of the same group should be asked to sign the declaration.

For assignments in the form of a computer-generated document that is principally text-based and submitted via **VeriGuide**, the statement, in the form of a receipt, will be issued by the system upon students' uploading of the soft copy of the assignment. Assignments without the receipt will not be graded by teachers. Only the final version of the assignment should be submitted via VeriGuide.

Grade Descriptors

Please refer to: http://phil.arts.cuhk.edu.hk/~phidept/UG/Grade_descriptors.pdf